

**Progress Report #2****Work Done:****1. Create list of requirements for server side software**

- a. Send data from cameras and low level sensors to a remote client
- b. Receive data from remote client and use to control low level actuators
- c. To do a) and b) as efficiently as possible

**2. Investigate server side software for controlling hardware via HTTP requests**

- a. In group meetings on 2013-08-01 and 2013-08-05, agreed on a web based approach
- b. Investigate CGI script approach (under apache2)
  - i. Sensors/Actuators/Video run in separate process(es)
  - ii. Client makes HTTP request handled by apache2; apache2 starts a CGI program
  - iii. Process for using CGI with apache2: <http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/cgi.html>
  - iv. CGI program must communicate with sensors/actuator/video program(s) using unix domain sockets or named pipes. It then prints results which apache2 relays back to the client.
  - v. This approach requires interprocess communication techniques to be included in all programs. Although it allows us to use an existing HTTP server (apache2), it is likely more work than writing a custom HTTP server to integrate all the systems.
  - vi. Interprocess communication is generally inefficient, as separate programs have separate memory and must transfer data between each other at agreed times. There is possibility for deadlocks.
- c. Investigate a custom HTTP server approach
  - i. Sensors/Actuators/Video run in same process as HTTP server, under separate threads
  - ii. HTTP defined in RFC2616 standard: <http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616.html>
  - iii. Respond to GET requests to give data to client, and POST requests to control actuators
  - iv. Threads running within the same process share memory, which makes communication simpler and more efficient. However there is still a possibility for programming errors to cause deadlocks or crashes. Significant testing and debugging time will be needed.

**3. Implement proof of concept HTTP server**

- a. Written in POSIX C99 but can be easily ported to C++. Available at <https://github/szmoore/MCTX3420>
- b. Can respond to GET and POST requests according to HTTP/1.1
  - i. Tested with modern web browsers (firefox/chrome)
- c. Can transfer HTML and JavaScript files that allow web browser to produce a GUI
- d. Can respond to a specific GET request by returning simulated data, instead of a static web page.
- e. Tested on Raspberry Pi.
- f. Plotted performance using JavaScript flot library.
  - i. Found JavaScript execution times ~20ms to produce line graph from localhost
  - ii. Server side execution times ~1us.

**4. Communicating with other teams**

- a. Verbally told people from pneumatics, sensors and electronics teams that we were expecting to use a Raspberry Pi.
  - i. Either communicating with another device over USB, or using GPIO to control other devices
- b. Responded to email from Coen (Electronics team) about use of Raspberry Pi as microcontroller and communication protocols for sensors/actuators. Currently organising a meeting.

**TODO:****1. Confirm server hardware with other teams****2. Collaboration within team**

- a. Decide on common language (C/C++ or Python) with Justin/Rowan and Callum
  - i. A multithreaded server will need a common language
- b. Consider how data will be stored server side and transferred to the client in more detail with Justin/Rowan and Callum
- c. Consider what hardware interfaces will be needed with Justin/Rowan
- d. Consider HTTP interface presented to client with James

**3. Start to develop framework for multithreaded server side software**

- a. Expand proof of concept server to a multithreaded server, using dummy functions.